

Key Stage 2 National Curriculum Tests - Practice Paper - Arithmetic Quick View

1	1944	+	100	=	
2	427	×	2	=	
3	6.2	+	0.7	=	
4	62	×	3	=	
5	3,463	+	518	=	
6	144	÷	12	=	
7	71	-	9	=	
8	5.3	+	0.07	=	
9	7	×	2	×	3 =
10	$\frac{9}{10}$	-	$\frac{4}{10}$	=	
11	540	÷	9	=	
12	1.52	×	100	=	
13	4	2	=		
14	30,000	-	800	=	
15	400	×	1000	=	
16	960	÷	8	=	
17	40%	of	1,200	=	
18	1.63	×	3	=	
19	$\frac{3}{6}$	+	$\frac{2}{6}$	=	
20	3,456	+	7,342	=	
21	5,000	÷	5	=	
22	11	-	4.32	=	
23			28		
		×	85		
24	16.8	-	9.34	=	
25		23	1,127		
26	$\frac{1}{4}$	×	$\frac{1}{7}$	=	
27	85%	of	380	=	
28	764,358	-	38,428	=	
29			724		
		×	52		
30	21	×	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	=
31	25	-	3	×	6 =
32	$\frac{4}{9}$	÷	4	=	
33	2	$\frac{1}{6}$	-	$\frac{1}{3}$	=
34		45	2790		
35	$\frac{2}{3}$	+	$\frac{5}{8}$	=	
36	$\frac{5}{12}$	÷	2	=	

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Answers

1	2,044	
2	854	
3	6.9	
4	186	
5	3,981	
6	12	
7	62	
8	5.37	
9	42	
10	$\frac{1}{2}$	
11	60	
12	152	
13	16	
14	29,200	
15	400,000	
16	120	
17	480	
18	4.89	
19	$\frac{5}{6}$	
20	10,798	
21	1,000	
22	6.68	
23	2,380	Long multiplication method required
24	7.46	
25	49	Long division, method required
26	$\frac{1}{28}$	
27	323	
28	725,930	
29	37,648	Long multiplication method required
30	31.5	Preferably written as a mixed number, rather than a decimal
31	7	
32	$\frac{1}{9}$	
33	1 $\frac{5}{6}$	or equivalent
34	62	Long division, method required
35	1 $\frac{7}{24}$	
36	$\frac{5}{24}$	or equivalent