

KEY STAGE

ALL TIERS

Mathematics tests **Mark scheme** for Paper 2 Tiers 3–5, 4–6, 5–7 and 6–8

National curriculum assessments

Introduction

The test papers will be marked by external markers. The markers will follow the mark scheme in this booklet, which is provided here to inform teachers.

This booklet contains the mark scheme for paper 2 at all tiers. The paper 1 mark scheme is printed in a separate booklet. Questions have been given names so that each one has a unique identifier irrespective of tier.

The structure of the mark schemes

The marking information for questions is set out in the form of tables, which start on page 11 of this booklet. The columns on the left-hand side of each table provide a quick reference to the tier, question number, question part and the total number of marks available for that question part.

The Correct response column usually includes two types of information:

- a statement of the requirements for the award of each mark, with an indication of whether credit can be given for correct working, and whether the marks are independent or cumulative
- examples of some different types of correct response, including the most common.

The Additional guidance column indicates alternative acceptable responses, and provides details of specific types of response that are unacceptable. Other guidance, such as when 'follow through' is allowed, is provided as necessary.

Questions with a UAM element are identified in the mark scheme by an encircled U with a number that indicates the significance of using and applying mathematics in answering the question. The U number can be any whole number from 1 to the number of marks in the question.

For graphical and diagrammatic responses, including those in which judgements on accuracy are required, marking overlays have been provided as the centre pages of this booklet.

The 2007 key stage 3 mathematics tests and mark schemes were developed by the Test Development team at Edexcel.

General guidance

Using the mark schemes

Answers that are numerically equivalent or algebraically equivalent are acceptable unless the mark scheme states otherwise.

In order to ensure consistency of marking, the most frequent procedural queries are listed on the following two pages with the prescribed correct action. This is followed by further guidance relating specifically to the marking of questions that involve money, negative numbers, algebra, time, coordinates or probability. Unless otherwise specified in the mark scheme, markers should apply the following guidelines in all cases.

What i	f	
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The pupil's response does not match closely any of the examples given.	Markers should use their judgement in deciding whether the response corresponds with the statement of requirements given in the Correct response column. Refer also to the Additional guidance .
The pupil has responded in a non-standard way.	Calculations, formulae and written responses do not have to be set out in any particular format. Pupils may provide evidence in any form as long as its meaning can be understood. Diagrams, symbols or words are acceptable for explanations or for indicating a response. Any correct method of setting out working, however idiosyncratic, is acceptable. Provided there is no ambiguity, condone the continental practice of using a comma for a decimal point.
The pupil has made a conceptual error.	In some questions, a method mark is available provided the pupil has made a computational, rather than conceptual, error. A computational error is a 'slip' such as writing $4 \times 6 = 18$ in an otherwise correct long multiplication. A conceptual error is a more serious misunderstanding of the relevant mathematics; when such an error is seen no method marks may be awarded. Examples of conceptual errors are: misunderstanding of place value, such as multiplying by 2 rather than 20 when calculating 35×27 ; subtracting the smaller value from the larger in calculations such as $45 - 26$ to give the answer 21; incorrect signs when working with negative numbers.
The pupil's accuracy is marginal according to the overlay provided.	Overlays can never be 100% accurate. However, provided the answer is within, or touches, the boundaries given, the mark(s) should be awarded.
The pupil's answer correctly follows through from earlier incorrect work.	Follow through marks may be awarded only when specifically stated in the mark scheme, but should not be allowed if the difficulty level of the question has been lowered. Either the correct response or an acceptable follow through response should be marked as correct.
There appears to be a misreading affecting the working.	This is when the pupil misreads the information given in the question and uses different information. If the original intention or difficulty level of the question is not reduced, deduct one mark only. If the original intention or difficulty level is reduced, do not award any marks for the question part.
The correct answer is in the wrong place.	Where a pupil has shown understanding of the question, the mark(s) should be given. In particular, where a word or number response is expected, a pupil may meet the requirement by annotating a graph or labelling a diagram elsewhere in the question.

The final answer is wrong but the correct answer is	Where appropriate, detailed guidance will be given in must be adhered to. If no guidance is given, markers w each case to decide whether:		
shown in the working.	• the incorrect answer is due to a transcription error	If so, award the mark.	
	 in questions not testing accuracy, the correct answer has been given but then rounded or truncated 	If so, award the mark	
	 the pupil has continued to give redundant extra working which does not contradict work already done 	If so, award the mark	
	 the pupil has continued, in the same part of the question, to give redundant extra working which does contradict work already done. 	If so, do not award the mark. Where a question part carries more than one mark, only the final mark should be withheld.	
The pupil's answer is correct but the wrong working is seen.	A correct response should always be marked as correc scheme states otherwise.	t unless the mark	
The correct response has been crossed or rubbed out and not replaced.	Mark, according to the mark scheme, any legible cross work that has not been replaced.	sed or rubbed out	
More than one answer is given.	If all answers given are correct or a range of answers is given, all of we correct, the mark should be awarded unless prohibited by the mark so If both correct and incorrect responses are given, no mark should be a		
The answer is correct but, in a later part of the question, the pupil has contradicted this response.	A mark given for one part should not be disallowed for working or ans given in a different part, unless the mark scheme specifically states other		

What if ...

Marking specific types of question

Responses involving money For example: £3.20 £7	
Accept ✓	Do not accept ×
 Any unambiguous indication of the correct amount eg £3.20(p), £3 20, £3,20, 3 pounds 20, £3-20, £3 20 pence, £3:20, £7.00 	 Incorrect or ambiguous indication of the amount eg £320, £320p or £700p
 ✓ The unit, f or p, is usually printed in the answer space. Where the pupil writes an answer outside the answer space with no units, accept responses that are unambiguous when considered alongside the given units eg with f given in the answer space, accept 3.20 7 or 7.00 ✓ Given units amended eg with f crossed out in the answer space, accept 320p 700p 	 Ambiguous use of units outside the answer space eg with £ given in the answer space, do not accept 3.20p outside the answer space Incorrect placement of decimal points, spaces, etc or incorrect use or omission of 0 eg £3.2, £3 200, £32 0, £3-2-0 £7.0

Responses involving negative numbers For example: -2				
Accept ✓	Do not accept ×			
	To avoid penalising the error below more than once within each question, do not award the mark for the <i>first</i> occurrence of the error within each question. Where a question part carries more than one mark, only the final mark should be withheld. Incorrect notation eg 2-			

Responses involving the use of For example: $2 + n$ $n + 2$ $2n$ $\frac{n}{2}$	f algebra
Accept ✓	Take care!Do not accept ×
 ✓ Unambiguous use of a different case or variable eg N used for n x used for n 	! Unconventional notation eg $n \times 2$ or $2 \times n$ or $n2$ or $n + n$ for $2n$ $n \times n$ for n^2 $n \div 2$ for $\frac{n}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{2}n$ 2 + 1n for $2 + n2 + 0n$ for $2Within a question that demandssimplification, do not accept as partof a final answer involving algebra.Accept within a method whenawarding partial credit, or within anexplanation or general working.$
	Embedded values given when solving equations eg in solving $3x + 2 = 32$, $3 \times 10 + 2 = 32$ for $x = 10$
	To avoid penalising the two types of error below more than once within each question, do not award the mark for the <i>first</i> occurrence of each type within each question. Where a question part carries more than one mark, only the final mark should be withheld.
✓ Words used to precede or follow equations or expressions eg $t = n + 2$ tiles or tiles = $t = n + 2$ for $t = n + 2$! Words or units used within equations or expressions eg n tiles + 2 n cm + 2 Do not accept on their own. Ignore if accompanying an acceptable response.
✓ Unambiguous letters used to indicate expressions eg $t = n + 2$ for $n + 2$	Ambiguous letters used to indicate expressions eg $n = n + 2$ for $n + 2$

Responses involving time A time interval For example: 2 hours 30 minutes						
Accept ✓	Take care ! Do not accept ×					
 ✓ Any unambiguous indication eg 2.5 (hours), 2h 30 ✓ Digital electronic time ie 2:30 	 Incorrect or ambiguous time interval eg 2.3(h), 2.30, 2-30, 2h 3, 2.30 min The unit, hours and/or minutes, is usually printed in the answer space. Where the pupil writes an answer outside the answer space, or crosses out the given unit, accept answers with correct units, unless the question has specifically asked for other units to be used. 					
A specific time For example: 8:40am	17:20					
Accept ✓	Do not accept ×					
 Any unambiguous, correct indication eg 08.40, 8.40, 8:40, 0840, 8 40, 8-40, twenty to nine, 8,40 Unambiguous change to 12 or 24 hour clock eg 17:20 as 5:20 pm, 17:20 pm 	 Incorrect time eg 8.4 am, 8.40 pm Incorrect placement of separators, spaces, etc or incorrect use or omission of 0 eg 840, 8:4:0, 084, 84 					

Responses involving coordinates For example: (5, 7)					
Accept 🗸	Do not accept ×				
✓ Unconventional notation eg (05, 07) (five, seven) x^{y} (5, 7) (x = 5, y = 7)	✓ Incorrect or ambiguous notation eg (7,5) y x (7,5) (5x,7y) (5 ^x ,7 ^y) (x − 5, y − 7)				

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Responses involving probability A numerical probability should be expressed as a decimal, fraction or percentage only. For example: 0.7 $\frac{7}{10}$ 70%					
Accept ✓	Take care ! Do not accept ×				
 ✓ Equivalent decimals, fractions and percentages eg 0.700, ⁷⁰/₁₀₀, ³⁵/₅₀, 70.0% 	The first four categories of error below should be ignored if accompanied by an acceptable response, but should not be accepted on their own. However, to avoid penalising the first three types of error below more than once within each question, do not award the mark for the <i>first</i> occurrence of each type of error unaccompanied by an acceptable response. Where a question part carries more than one mark, only the final mark should be withheld.				
✓ A probability correctly expressed in one acceptable form which is then incorrectly converted, but is still less than 1 and greater than 0 eg $\frac{70}{100} = \frac{18}{25}$	A probability that is incorrectly expressed eg 7 in 10 7 over 10 7 out of 10 7 from 10				
	A probability expressed as a percentage without a percentage sign.				
	! A fraction with other than integers in the numerator and/or denominator.				
	A probability expressed as a ratio eg 7 : 10, 7 : 3, 7 to 10				
	 A probability greater than 1 or less than 0 				

Recording marks awarded on the test paper

All questions, even those not attempted by the pupil, will be marked, with a 1 or a 0 entered in each marking space. Where 2m can be split into 1m gained and 1m lost, with no explicit order, then this will be recorded by the marker as 1

The total marks awarded for a double page will be written in the box at the bottom of the right-hand page, and the total number of marks obtained on the paper will be recorded on the front of the test paper.

A total of 120 marks is available in each of tiers 3-5, 4-6, 5-7 and 6-8.

Awarding levels

The sum of the marks gained on paper 1, paper 2 and the mental mathematics paper determines the level awarded. Level threshold tables, which show the mark ranges for the award of different levels, will be available on the NAA website *www.naa.org.uk/tests* from Monday 25 June 2007. QCA will also send a copy to each school in July.

Schools will be notified of pupils' results by means of a marksheet, which will be returned to schools by the external marking agency with the pupils' marked scripts. The marksheet will include pupils' scores on the test papers and the levels awarded.

	Tier & Question		-					Rules		
1					Correct response	Additional guidance				
				1m	11, 14					
				1m	23, 47					
				1m	41, 122	First new term for each sequence correct with second terms all incorrect or omitted Mark as 0, 0, 1				

	Tier & Question 3-5 4-6 5-7 6-8				Homework				
2		5-7	0-0		Correct response	Additional guidance			
а				1m	Monday and Wednesday, in either order	! Names of days or subjects abbreviated Accept provided unambiguous eg, for part (a) accept			
b				1m	Maths, English and Technology, in any order	 M and W eg, for part (b) do not accept M, E and T 			
с				1m	3				

Tier & Question		_			-				Odd one out
3-5 3	4-6	5-7	6-8		Correct response	Additional guidance			
a				1m	Е				
				1m	D				
b				1 m	Completes the sentence correctly with a correct property eg • equal sides • lines of symmetry • as the order of rotation symmetry	 Minimally acceptable response eg sides the same line symmetry rotation symmetry identical lines Incorrect or irrelevant statement Ignore alongside a correct response eg, accept equal sides and right angles eg, do not accept right angles Incomplete or incorrect response eg sides equal angles squares for the area 			

Tier	Tier & Question			Hibernation					
	4-6 5	5-7 6-8	3						
4 a			1m	5	Additional guidance ✓ Value qualified eg • About 5 ! Value inaccurate Accept values between 4.9 and 5.1 inclusive, or between 4 months 27 days and 5 months 3 days inclusive				
b			1m	Indicates Yes and gives a correct explanation The most common correct explanations: State or imply that they sleep for more than 6 months eg • They sleep for $6\frac{1}{2}$ months, which is more than half of 12 • Half a year is 6 months but they sleep for just over 6 months	 ✓ Minimally acceptable explanation eg 6¹/₂ months Just over 6 months More than 6 boxes are shaded November to May is six months and then half of October Half a month more Exact value given Accept values between 6.4 and 6.6 months inclusive, or between 6 months 12 days and 6 months 18 days inclusive eg, accept 6 months and 2 weeks Incomplete or incorrect explanation eg They sleep for more than half the year They sleep from halfway through October to the end of April Half a year is 6 months but they sleep for 7 months 6¹/₂ 				
			(U1)	 Refer to the area shaded or unshaded and its relation to the whole circle eg More than halfway round the circle is shaded The white bit for dormice doesn't reach round half the circle 	 Minimally acceptable explanation eg • More than halfway round • More than half the chart is shaded • More is shaded than unshaded More is shaded than unshaded More plete explanation eg • It shows more shaded months				

	Tier & Question 3-5 4-6 5-7 6-8					
5		57			Correct response	Additional guidance
a				1m	£ 98.35	
b				2m	5	
				or		
				1m	Shows the digits 8225	
					or	
				(U1)	 Shows or implies a complete correct method with not more than one error, even if their final answer is not an integer or is rounded or truncated eg (155.75 - 3 × 24.50) ÷ 16.45 73.5 + 16.45 + 16.45 + 16.45 + 16.45 + 16.45 = 155.75 	

	Tier & Question		C					
6					Correct response	Additional guidance		
a				1m	450			
b				1m	Indicates the correct position on the scale, ie	 ✓ Unambiguous indication ! Inaccurate indication Accept indications that are closer to 275 than either 250 or 300 		
с				1m	2pm or 14:00	 <i>Time ambiguous or incorrect</i> eg 2 o'clock 14:00am 		
d				1m	Indicates Cylinder, ie			

Tier & Question	3		Bar chart
7		Correct response	Additional guidance
	2m <i>or</i> 1m (U1)	Completes all labels for both axes correctly, ie	 ✓ Unambiguous indication of item names eg, for Glue ◆ G

Tier & Question 3-5 4-6 5-7 6-8						Coordinates
8	1				Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a			1m	Gives A as (0, 6)	
				1m	Gives C as (4, 3)	! Answers for A and C transposed but otherwise completely correct If this is the only error, ie gives A as (4, 3) and gives C as (0, 6), mark as 0, 1
b	b			1m	Indicates point D on the graph at (2, 7)	 Point inaccurate, not labelled or marked only with the letter D Condone any unambiguous indication within 2mm of the correct intersection of the grid

Tie	er & C)uest	ion			Fitting tiles				
3-5 9	4-6 2	5-7	6-8		Correct response	Additional guidance				
a	a			1m	Indicates correctly two congruent F-tiles on the diagram eg	 <i>Tile not shaded or inaccurately indicated</i> Accept provided the pupil's intention is clear and there is no ambiguity <i>Tiles overlapping</i> 				
b	b			1m 1m U1	Indicates two congruent tiles on the diagram eg					

	Tier & Question					Names
3-5	4-6	5-7	6-8			
10	3				Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a			1m	Claire	 ✓ Unambiguous indication of name eg, for Claire ◆ C
b	b			1m (U1)	Gives the names Claire then Tom	

Tier & Question								Leaves	
4-6 4	5-7	6-8			Correct respor	nse	Ade	ditional guidan	ice
a			1m	Writes the leave for area, ie	s in the correct	order			
				Willow	Oak	Beech	W	Ο	В
				smallest area		largest area	smallest area		largest area
b			1m			order			llest for both
				Willow	Beech	Oak			
				smallest perimeter		largest perimeter			o) transposed bu
	4-6 4 a	4-6 5-7 4 a	4-6 5-7 6-8 4 a a b b c c c c c c c c c c c c c	4-6 5-7 6-8 4 a 1m	4-6 5-7 6-8 4 Im Writes the leave for area, ie a Im Writes the leave for area, ie b Im Willow b Im Im Im Writes the leave for area, ie Willow Im Writes the leave for perimeter, ie Willow Smallest	4-6 5-7 6-8 4 Correct respondent of the correct for area, ie a 1m Writes the leaves in the correct for area, ie a 1m Writes the leaves in the correct for area, ie b 1m Willow Oak b 1m Writes the leaves in the correct for perimeter, ie b 1m Writes the leaves in the correct for perimeter, ie Willow Beech smallest Smallest	4-6 5-7 6-8 4 Correct response a 1m Writes the leaves in the correct order for area, ie Oak Beech a Im Willow Oak Beech Iargest area b Im Writes the leaves in the correct order for perimeter, ie Im Writes the leaves in the correct order for perimeter, ie b Im Writes the leaves in the correct order for perimeter, ie Oak Beech Im Writes the leaves in the correct order for perimeter, ie Oak Beech Oak	4-6 5-7 6-8 4 Im Writes the leaves in the correct order for area, ie Addee for area, ie a Im Writes the leaves in the correct order for area, ie Vunambiguous eg, for part (a transmission) b Im Writes the leaves in the correct order area Beech largest area W b Im Writes the leaves in the correct order for perimeter, ie Im Writes the leaves in the correct order for perimeter, ie Im Writes the leaves in the correct order for perimeter, ie Im Writes the leaves in the correct order for perimeter Im Responses for otherwise correct order for perimeter	4-6 5-7 6-8 4 Correct response Additional guidant a 1m Writes the leaves in the correct order for area, ie ✓ Unambiguous indication eg, for part (a) a 1m Writes the leaves in the correct order for area, ie ✓ Unambiguous indication eg, for part (a) b 1m Writes the leaves in the correct order area Imagest area O b 1m Writes the leaves in the correct order for perimeter, ie Imagest area Imagest area Imagest area b 1m Writes the leaves in the correct order for perimeter, ie O Imagest area Imagest area Imagest area b 1m Writes the leaves in the correct order for perimeter, ie Oak Imagest area Imagest area Imagest area b 1m Writes the leaves in the correct order for perimeter Imagest area Imagest area Imagest area Imagest area b 1m Willow Beech Oak Imagest area Imagest area Imagest area Imagest area Imagest area Imagest area Imagest area Imagest area Imagest area Imagest area Imagest

	Tier & Question 3-5 4-6 5-7 6-8			Marbles					
12	5				Correct response	Additional guidance			
				2m or 1m	Matches all three questions correctly, ie $ \begin{array}{c} 10\\ 10 \times 7\\ 10 \times 12\\ 12 \times 7\\ 10 \times 12 \times 7\\ 10 \times 12 \times 7\\ 10 + 12 + 7 \end{array} $ Matches any two of the questions correctly	! Question matched with more than one calculation For 2m or 1m, do not accept as a correct match			

	Tier & Question			a and a						
13				Correct response		Additional guidance				
				1m	Gives a pair of numbers for <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> , such that b = a + 4 eg a = 5 $b = 9a = 1.5$ $b = 5.5$	★ Values embedded eg • $4 + 5 = 9$ • $a = 4 + 5$ $b = 9$				
		$\begin{array}{c c} 1m \\ \hline \\ $								

	Tier & Question				Turning	
14	l 7				Correct response	Additional guidance
				1m	Indicates the correct shape, ie	

	Tier & Question						Party		
15				(Correct respons	se	Additional guidance		
			2m Completes all four entries in the table correctly, ie						
				4.95	5	24.75			
				3.20	13	41.60			
					10	19.50			
					Total:	85.85			
			or 1m	Completes at lea	ast three entries	in the table	! For 1m, follow through		
		or					Where the only error is in the total cost of balloons, for the overall total accept their total cost of balloons + 61.10		
			(U1)	Completes all for all amounts of n		ctly with some or bence			

Tier & Question				Survey		
		5-7	6-8			
16	9				Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a			1m	10	× 10%
b	b			2m	Completes the percentage bar chart correctly, ie 50% labelled No 40% labelled Don't know 10% labelled Yes, with bars in any order eg • No Don't know Yes 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%	 ✓ Unambiguous labelling eg ★ ★ ★ ★ ? ? ? ? ✓ 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% ! Lines not ruled or accurate Accept provided the pupil's intention is clear
				or 1m	Indicates sections corresponding to 50%, 40% and 10% but fails to label, labels incorrectly or bars are not continuous eg x ? x ? x ? x ? x 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%	
					or Shows or implies the values 50, 40 and 10 eg • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

	Tier & Question				Frog spawn	
	10		0-0		Correct response	Additional guidance
а	a	a		1m	15th February (1997)	 ✓ Unambiguous or commonly used date notation eg • 15/2 • 2/15 [US notation]
b	b	b		1m (U1)	Gives a possible description of the weather eg In 1991 it was colder than the other years It must have been less warm than usual	 ✓ Minimally acceptable response eg • Cold • Not warm • It got warmer later Response implies a preference Condone provided the pupil's intention is clear eg, accept • It must have been nasty weather • It was rainy and not sunny • Bad Incomplete or incorrect response eg • They were seen later than in other years • Very cold so the eggs were seen quicker

	Tier & Question					Simplifying
18					Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a	a		1m	Indicates 4 <i>a</i> + 3, ie	
b	b	b		1m	8 <i>b</i> + 3	

	Tier & Question 3-5 4-6 5-7 6-8			Conta					
19) 12	2 3	3		Correct response	Additional guidance			
				1m	Indicates A and gives the value 250				

	Tier & Question					Triangles
20	13	4			Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a	a		1m	Gives the values 60, 60 and 60	✓ Single answer of 60 given
b	b	b		1m	Gives the values 90, 45 and 45, in any order	

	Tier & Question				Spinners	
3-5	4-6	5-7	6-8			1
21	14	5			Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a	a		1m	Indicates B	
b	b	b		1m	Indicates A and D, in either order	

Tie	Tier & Question				Faces	
	3-5 4-6 5-7 6-8				1	
22	15	6			Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a	a		1m	8	
b	Ь	b		1m	Draws a solid with 6 faces in any orientation, using the isometric grid correctly eg • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 Some or all internal lines shown eg Lines not ruled Accept provided the pupil's intention is clear Drawing not accurate Accept vertices within 2mm of the dots of the grid Some or all hidden lines shown Do not accept unless the lines are clearly identified as hidden lines eg, accept Isometric grid not used correctly eg Isometric grid not used correctly

	Tier & Question				Fir trees	
3-5	4-6	5-7	6-8			
23	16	7			Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a	a		1m	£ 30(.00)	
b	b	b		1m	4 and 5, in either order	 <i>Upper bound taken to be just under 5</i> For the upper bound, accept values between 4.9 and 5 inclusive

	Tier & Question			Rectangles and squares			
	4-6 17		6-8		Correct response	Additional guidance	
а	a	a		1m	4	! Value repeated Accept provided there is no ambiguity eg, for part (a) accept	
b	b	b		1m	5	 4 by 4 eg, for part (a) do not accept 4 × 4 	
				(U1)		For parts (a) and (b), response of 16 then 20 Mark as 0, 1	

Tier & Question					Lemonade	
	5-7 9	6-8		Correct response	Additional guidance	
			2m	80 p		
			<i>or</i> 1m	Shows the value 0.8(0)		
			(U1)	or Shows or implies a complete correct method with not more than one computational error eg • 6 × 1.20 - 4 × 1.60 • (120 ÷ 4 - 160 ÷ 6) × 24 • 7.40 (error) - 6.40 = 1.00 or Shows the value 720 or 7.2(0) and 640 or 6.4(0)		

Tier 8	Tier & Question					Three angles
3-5 4 26 1			6-8		Correct response	Additional guidance
			(1m (U1)	 Indicates No and gives a correct explanation eg 24 + 93 + 61 = 178 but it should equal 180 for a straight line 24 + 93 + 61 is 2 degrees too small for a straight line 4 + 3 + 1 = 8, so they couldn't add to 180 	 ✓ Minimally acceptable explanation that states or implies the angles should add to 180 or that they add to less than 180 eg The angles don't make 180 They should add to 180 Too small by 2 The total ends in 8, but this should be 0 It totals 178°, so it would be an obtuse angle × Incomplete or incorrect explanation eg 24 + 93 + 61 = 178 which is not straight The angles add to 188 not 180 The angles add to 178° so it will look straight

	Tier & Question			Solving				
27	20	11			Correct response	Additional guidance		
				1m 1m	14 13	 <i>Incorrect notation</i> eg, as an answer for the first mark • x = × 14 Penalise only the first occurrence 		
						! Incomplete processing eg, as an answer for the first mark $\star x = \frac{448}{32}$ Penalise only the first occurrence		

Tier & Question			Marking overlay available	Newspaper	
	12			Correct response	Additional guidance
			2m	Draws the sectors for Evening newspaper and No newspaper within the smaller tolerance as shown on the overlay and labels correctly	 ✓ Unambiguous abbreviation eg • E for Evening newspaper,
			or		
			1m	Draws the sectors for Evening newspaper and No newspaper within the larger tolerance as shown on the overlay and labels correctly or Draws the sectors for Evening newspaper and No newspaper within the smaller tolerance as shown on the overlay but fails to label or labels incorrectly or Shows or implies that 5 people are represented by 30° or that 1 person is represented by 6° eg $5 \text{ people} = 30^\circ$ $150 \div 5 = 30$ $360 \div 60 = 6$ 60, 90 seen	

Tier & Question				Completing rules					
4-6 22				Correct response	Additional guidance				
			1m	Gives two correct values in the correct order, and a correct expression in <i>x</i> eg 3, 1, 3 <i>x</i> + 1 1, 9, <i>x</i> + 9 -2, 21, -2 <i>x</i> + 21	 For the first mark, given example repeated Unconventional notation eg, for x + 9 1 × x + 9 Condone 				
			1m	Gives two correct values in the correct order, and a correct expression in x eg • 4, 3, $4x - 3$ • -2, -21, -2 x 21 • x , 3, x^2 - 3					
			1m	Gives two correct values in the correct order, and a correct expression in x eg 2, 11, $\frac{x}{2}$ + 11 0.5, 5, 2x + 5 (or $\frac{x}{0.5}$ + 5) 1, 9, x + 9					

	Tier & Question			Parallelogram						
3-5		5-7 14			Correct response	Additional guidance				
				2m	Gives the correct value with a correct unit eg 35cm ²					
				or 1m	Shows the value 35 or					
					Shows a complete correct method with not more than one computational error and with a correct unit for area shown at least once eg • 7×5 and cm ² seen • $(10 - 3) \times 5$ and cm ² seen • $10 \times 5 - 3 \times 5$ and cm ² seen • $50 - 7.5 - 7.5$ and cm ² seen • $4 \times 5 + 2 \times 1.5 \times 5$ and cm ² seen • $50 - 2 \times 6.5$ (error) = 37 and cm ² seen	 For 1m, necessary brackets omitted eg 10 - 3 × 5 				

Tier & Question					Relationships
 5 4-6 5-7 6-8				_	
24	15	4		Correct response	Additional guidance
			1m	9	 Incomplete processing eg, for the first mark 10 - 1
			1m	100	eg, for the second mark • 10 ² Penalise only the first occurrence

Tier & Question				Pi	
4-6 25				Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a	a	1m	3.1416	× Equivalent fractions or decimals
b	b	b	1m	Indicates $\frac{355}{113}$, ie	

	Tier & Question				Marking overlay available	Enlarging
3-:		5-7 17			Correct response	Additional guidance
				2m	Shows a correct enlarged shape with all five vertices within the tolerances as shown on the overlay	! <i>Lines not ruled or accurate</i> Accept provided the pupil's intention is clear
				or		! Construction lines drawn Ignore, even if incorrect
				1m	Shows at least three vertices within the tolerances as shown on the overlay	
					or	
					Shows a correct enlarged shape with all five vertices within the tolerances as shown on the overlay, but in an incorrect position and/or orientation	

Tie	Tier & Question					Values
3-5						
	27	18	7		Correct response	Additional guidance
	а	a	a	1m	15	
	b	b	b	1m	$5\frac{1}{2}$ or equivalent	
		C	c	1m	Indicates that <i>e</i> > 5 eg • It has to be higher than 5 • Any number over 5	✓ Minimally acceptable indication eg • > 5 • Above 5 • More than half of 10 ! Range includes 5 eg • 5 or over Condone * Negative values of f excluded eg • 5 < e ≤ 10 • Between 5 and 10 * Incorrect indication eg • e can be 6, 7, 8 and so on • e must be 5.1 or more * Incomplete indication eg • e = 10 - f • f ≤ e

Tie	r&Q)uest	ion	Travelling by car					
	4-6 5-7 6-8 28 19 8								
	28	19	8		Correct response	Additional guidance			
	а	a	a	1m	72				
	b	b	b	1m	4				
		с	с	2m	1.8 or equivalent	 <i>Answer of 2</i> For 2m, do not accept unless a correct method or a more accurate value is seen <i>For 2m or 1m, follow through from part (b)</i> Accept follow through as 18 ÷ (their (b) + 6) or as (their (b) + 14) ÷ (their (b) + 6), rounded or truncated to at least 2 s.f. 			
				or 1m	Shows or implies a correct method eg 18 ÷ (4 + 4 + 2) $\frac{18}{10}$	 For 1m, necessary brackets omitted eg 18 ÷ 4 + 4 + 2 			

Tie	Tier & Question					Brackets	
3-5		5-7					
	29	20 a	9 a	1m	Correct response Gives a correct explanation The most common correct explanations:	Additional guidance	
					 Give the correct expansion of the expression eg 3(2a + 1) = 6a + 3, not 6a + 1 It should be 2 greater, ie 6a + 3 	 ✓ Minimally acceptable explanation eg • 6a + 3 • She needs to add 2 	
						* Incomplete or incorrect explanation eg • $3(2a + 1) \neq 6a + 1$ • $3(2a + 1) = 6a + 2$ • $3(2a + 1) = 6a + 3$ = $9a$	
					Address the misconception eg Both things in the brackets should be multiplied by 3, but she has forgotten the 1	 ✓ Minimally acceptable explanation eg • 3 × 1 • All bits need to be multiplied by 3 • You have to multiply everything in the brackets • She hasn't multiplied the 1 	
						 <i>Incomplete explanation</i> eg She hasn't multiplied out the brackets correctly The 1 is incorrect 	
					Give a correct counter example eg ■ When <i>a</i> = 1 then 3(2 <i>a</i> + 1) = 9, but 6 <i>a</i> + 1 = 7 ■ If <i>a</i> is 2, 3(2 × 2 + 1) ≠ 6 × 2 + 1	 ✓ Minimally acceptable explanation eg ◆ When a = 1 you get 9 and 7 	
						 <i>Incomplete explanation</i> eg When <i>a</i> = 1 you get different answers for each side, so it can't be right 	

Tier & Question				Brackets (cont)	
3-5 4-6 5-7 6-8 29 20 9			C		
	b	1m	Correct response Gives a correct explanation The most common correct explanations:	Additional guidance	
			 Give the correct expansion of the expression eg (k + 4)(k + 7) = k² + 11k + 28, not k² + 28 He should get k² + 4k + 7k + 28 He has missed out 4k + 7k so it should be k² + 11k + 28 	 ✓ Minimally acceptable explanation eg k² + 11k + 28 k² + 4k + 7k + 28 11k is missing There should be 4k and 7k as well ! Correct expression equated to zero eg 	
			Address the misconception eg Both things in the first brackets should be multiplied by both things in the second brackets, but he has done <i>k</i> × <i>k</i> and 4 × 7	eg • $k^2 + 11k + 28 = 0$ Condone * <i>Incomplete or incorrect explanation</i> eg • $(k + 4)(k + 7) \neq k^2 + 28$ • $k^2 + 11k + 28 = k^2 + 39$ • It's 11k * <i>Minimally acceptable explanation</i> eg • He hasn't multiplied the 4 or the 7 by k • There should be a k term • It should have been like this: (k + 4)(k + 7)	
			Give a correct counter example eg ■ When <i>k</i> = 1 then (<i>k</i> + 4)(<i>k</i> + 7) = 40, but <i>k</i> ² + 28 = 29 ■ If <i>k</i> is 2, (2 + 4)(2 + 7) ≠ 2 ² + 28	 <i>Incomplete explanation</i> eg There should be 3 terms in the answer The <i>k</i>s should be added You have to multiply everything in the second brackets by everything in the first brackets He hasn't multiplied the first set of brackets by the second set properly <i>Minimally acceptable explanation</i> eg When <i>k</i> = 1 you get 40 and 29 <i>Men k</i> = 1 you get different answers for each side, so it can't be right 	

	Tier & Question				Vowels	
3-5		5-7 21			Correct response	Additional guidance
			a	2m	0.61 or equivalent probability	
				or 1m	Shows the digits 61 or Shows the value 0.39 or equivalent probability or Shows or implies a complete correct method with not more than one computational error eg • $1 - (0.08 + 0.13 + 0.07 + 0.08 + 0.03)$ • $0.08 + 0.13 + 0.07 + 0.08 + 0.03 = 0.38$ (error) 1 - 0.38 = 0.62	
			b	2m or 1m	 0.000936 or 9.36 × 10⁻⁴, or equivalent probability Shows the digits 936 or Shows or implies a complete correct method with not more than one computational error eg 0.13 × 0.08 × 0.09 9.4 × 10⁻⁴ 	× For 2m, 9.36 ⁻⁰⁴

Tier & Question			Beams	
3-5 4-6 5-7 6-8 22 11		Correct response	Additional guidance	
	3m	Correct response Indicates the 1st way, and gives the correct difference of 1320		
	or 2m	difference of 1320 Shows the digits 132(0) or Shows the digits 484(0) and 352(0) or Shows or implies correct substitution of all values into the formula and the intention to subtract eg $5 \times 11^2 \times 8 - 5 \times 8^2 \times 11$ $5 \times 11 \times 8(11 - 8)$ 440×3 $5 \times (968 - 704)$ 5×264		
		or Shows a complete correct method with not more than one computational error, and gives a correct decision for their values eg • $5 \times 11^2 \times 8 = 4440 \ (error)$ 4440 - 3520 = 920 so 1st way, difference 920		
	or			
	1m	Shows the digits 484(0) or 352(0) or Indicates the 1st way and gives an answer of 264 [the only error is to omit to multiply the substituted values by 5] or Indicates the 1st way and gives an answer of 6600 [the only error is to process $5 \times 11^2 \times 8$ as $(5 \times 11)^2 \times 8$ and $5 \times 8^2 \times 11$ as $(5 \times 8)^2 \times 11$]		

Tier & Question					
3-5 4-6		6-8 12		Correct response	Additional guidance
			3m	15	
			or		
			2m	Shows the values 24 and 160	
				or	
				Shows a correct method with not more than one computational or rounding error eg (208 - 136) ÷ 3 ÷ (240 ÷ 1.50) 208 - 136 = 72, 72 ÷ 3 = 26 (error), 26 + 136 = 162 26 ÷ 162 × 100 = 16.25	
			or		
			1m	Shows the value 24 or 160	
			U1)	or Shows a correct method with not more than two computational or rounding errors eg • 208 – 136 = 62 (error), 62 ÷ 3 = 21 (premature rounding), 21 ÷ 160 × 100 = 13.125	

	Tier & Question					Volume of prisms
3-5	4-6		6-8 13		Correct response	Additional guidance
		a	a	1m	120	
		b	b	1m	450	

r & C 4-6				Marking overlay available	Straight lines
	25	14		Correct response	Additional guidance
	a	a	1m	Draws a different straight line with gradient 1, within the tolerance as shown on the overlay when the <i>y</i> -axes are aligned	! <i>Line short</i> As the line could be positioned anywhere on the grid, accept lines of at least one diagonal unit in length provided they are within the tolerance as shown on the overlay Responses consisting of longer lines must be entirely within tolerance
	b	b	1m	20	
	с	с	1m	Gives a correct equation eg y = 5x + 10 5x - y = -10	<pre>! Unconventional notation eg • y1 = 5 × x + 10 Condone</pre>

Tier & 0				Two semicircles
	26		Correct response	Additional guidance
		2	2m $25\pi + 10, 88.6, 88.5()$ or 89	! Value of 88 For 2m, do not accept unless a correct method or a more accurate value is seen
			or	
		1	m Shows one entry from the following list:	
			$25\pi \text{ (or } 78.6, 78.5(), 79)$ $10\pi \text{ (or } 31.())$ $15\pi \text{ (or } 47.())$ $20\pi \text{ (or } 62.8(), 63) \text{ and } 30\pi \text{ (or } 94.(50\pi \text{ (or } 157.()))$ $50\pi + 10 \text{ (or } 167.())$ or Shows or implies a complete correct method with not more than one computational or rounding error eg $\frac{20\pi}{2} + \frac{30\pi}{2} + 30 - 20$ $\frac{25 \times 3.14 + 10}{2}$ Value of 88, with no correct method o more accurate value seen	d

Tier & C	 			Which pupil?
3-5 4-6	6-8 16		Correct response	Additional guidance
		2m	Indicates Class 9A and gives a correct justification The most common correct justifications: Use the proportions of boys in each class, in a	✓ For 2m, minimally acceptable justification
			form that enables comparison eg $\frac{13}{28} = \frac{169}{364} \text{ but } \frac{12}{26} = \frac{168}{364}$ $\text{You get } \frac{338}{728} \text{ and } \frac{336}{728}$ $\frac{13}{28} = 0.464(), \frac{12}{26} = 0.461() \text{ (or } 0.462)$ $\text{A gives } 46.4\% \text{ and B gives } 46.2\%$	eg • $\frac{169}{364}$, $\frac{168}{364}$ • 0.464(), 0.461() (or 0.462) • 46.4, 46.2 • $\frac{13}{28} \times 26 > 12$
			A gives 46.4% and 5 gives 46.2% $28 \div 13 = 2.15()$ $26 \div 12 = 2.16() \text{ (or } 2.17)$ $\frac{13}{28} = \frac{12.07()}{26} \text{ (or } \frac{12.1}{26})$ $\frac{12}{26} = \frac{12.9()}{28}$ $13 \times (12 + 14) = 338,$ $12 \times (15 + 13) = 336$	* For 2m, incomplete or incorrect justification eg • $\frac{13}{28} > \frac{12}{26}$ • 13 > 12
			Use the ratios of boys to girls or girls to boys in each class, in a form that enables comparison eg 9 A is 0.86() boys for every girl, 9B is 0.85() 9 A is 0.87 boys for every girl, 9B is 0.86 13 : 15 = 1 : 1.15() 12 : 14 = 1 : 1.16() (or 1 : 1.17) $\frac{13}{15} = \frac{12.1()}{14}$ $\frac{13}{15} = \frac{12}{13.8()}$ $\frac{182}{210}, \frac{180}{210}$	 ✓ For 2m, minimally acceptable justification eg 0.86(), 0.85() 0.87, 0.86 1.15(), 1.16() (or 1.17)
			Reason generally about the differences between the numbers of boys and girls eg • A difference of 2 out of the bigger total in 9A is less than out of the smaller total in 9B • $\frac{2}{28} < \frac{2}{26}$	 ✓ For 2m, minimally acceptable justification eg • There are two fewer boys than girls in both, but 9A is bigger

Tier &	Quest	ion			Which pupil? (cont)
3-5 4-6	5-7	6-8			
	27	16		Correct response	Additional guidance
			or		
			1m	Shows a correct justification but makes an incorrect or no decision eg • $\frac{13}{28} = 0.46, \frac{12}{26} = 0.46$ so equal	
				or Shows a correct justification with not more than one computational error then makes the correct decision for their values eg • $\frac{338}{728}$, $\frac{346}{728}$ (error), 9B indicated	

Tier & Qu	estion			Pythagoras
3-5 4-6 5 2	-7 6-8 28 17		Correct response	Additional guidance
	a	1m	Gives a correct explanation The most common correct explanations:	 Explanation uses only accurate or scale drawing
			Show that the values 6, 8 and 10 work using Pythagoras' theorem eg • $6^2 + 8^2 = 36 + 64$ = 100 $= 10^2$ • $10^2 - 8^2 = 100 - 64$ = 36 $= 6^2$	 ✓ Minimally acceptable explanation eg • 6² + 8² = 10² • 36 + 64 = 100 • The square of the longest side is equal to the sum of the squares of the other two sides × Incomplete explanation eg • 6² + 8² • 36 + 64
			 State or imply that the triangle is an enlargement of a 3, 4, 5 right-angled triangle eg A 3, 4, 5 triangle is right-angled and 3 × 2 = 6, 4 × 2 = 8 and 5 × 2 = 10 It's just a 3, 4, 5 triangle with the lengths of the sides doubled Because 6, 8 and 10 make a Pythagorean triple 	 ✓ Minimally acceptable explanation eg It's an enlarged 3, 4, 5 triangle 3 × 2 = 6, 4 × 2 = 8 and 5 × 2 = 10 ✓ Incomplete explanation eg It's like a 3, 4, 5 triangle
	b	1m	Gives a correct justification eg • $\frac{6.9}{6} \times 8 = 9.2$ • $8 \times 1.15 = 9.2$ • $9.2 \div 1.15 = 8$ • $6.9 \div 9.2 = \frac{3}{4}$ • $6 \div 8 = \frac{3}{4}$ • $6 \longrightarrow 6.9$ is a 15% increase $8 \times 0.15 = 1.2$ 8 + 1.2 = 9.2 • $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{6}\right) = 53.1$ $6.9 \times \tan 53.1 = 9.2$	✓ Minimally acceptable explanation eg • $\frac{6.9}{6} \times 8$ • 8×1.15 • $\frac{6.9}{9.2} = \frac{6}{8}$ × Incomplete explanation eg • $9.2 \div 1.15$ × Explanation attempts to use Pythagoras' theorem eg • $6.9^2 + 9.2^2 = 11.5^2$

	Tier & Question					Pythagoras (cont)
3-5		5-7 28			Correct response	Additional guidance
			с	1m 1m	Shows the digits 115 eg 1.15 × 10 ⁸ 115 000 000 11.5 Shows the correct value in standard form, ie 1.15 × 10 ⁸	 Zero(s) given after the last decimal place within standard form notation Condone eg, for both marks in part (c) accept 1.150 × 10⁸

Tier &	_				Expressions
5-5 4-1	0 5-7	18		Correct response	Additional guidance
			2m	Gives all three correct expressions, ie y + 15 2y y + 3a	 Expressions unsimplified or use unconventional notation eg, for the third expression y + a + a + a 1y + 3 × a Condone
			or 1m U1	Gives two correct expressions	

	r & Que				Gorillas
3-5	4-6 5-	7 6-8 19		Correct response	Additional guidance
			2m	Gives an integer value between 16 500 and 17 000 inclusive eg 17 000 16 700 16 667	 Gives a non-integer value within the correct range eg • 16 666.() Condone
			or		
			1m	Shows the digits 166() or 167	
				or	
				Shows a complete correct method with not more than one computational or rounding error eg 5000 ÷ 0.3 5000 ÷ 3 × 10 100/30 × 5000 5000 ÷ 30 = 200 (premature rounding), 200 × 100 = 20 000 	

Tier	& Qu	esti	on		Houses
3-5	4-6 5	_	6-8 20	Correct response	Additional guidance
			2m	2.9 or equivalent	! Value of 3 For 2m, do not accept unless a correct method or a more accurate value is seen
			or		
			1m	Shows the value 29 or 290	
				or	
				Shows a complete correct method with not more than one computational or rounding error eg $= \frac{2.5 \times 60 + 3.3 \times 30 + 4.1 \times 10}{100}$ $= (2.5 \times 6 + 3.3 \times 3 + 4.1) \div 10$ $= 150 + 99 + 41 = 300 (error),$ $300 \div 100 = 3$	 For 1m, necessary brackets omitted eg 2.5 × 6 + 3.3 × 3 + 4.1 ÷ 10

		Quest				Subtracting and squaring
3-3	4-0	5 5-7	21		Correct response	Additional guidance
				2m	Gives the number as 13 and shows a complete correct method for solving algebraically eg $(x - 25)^2 = x^2 - 25$ $x^2 - 50x + 625 = x^2 - 25$ $50x = 650$ $x = 13$	× Method used is trial and improvement
				or 1m	Shows a correct expression without brackets that is equivalent to $(\text{unknown} - 25)^2$ eg $x^2 - 50x + 625$ $n^2 - 25n - 25n + 625$ $a \times a - 50 \times a + 25 \times 25$ or	
				U1	Shows a correct equation eg • $(x - 25)^2 = x^2 - 25$	

	Tier & Question		Light ye				
5-:	9 4-0		0-0 22		Correct response	Additional guidance	
			a	1m	9.43×10^{12}	 Zero(s) given after the last decimal place within standard form notation eg, for part (a) 9.430 × 10¹² Condone 	
			b	1m	$7.35(54) \times 10^{13}$ or 7.36×10^{13} or 7.4×10^{13}	! For part (b), follow through Accept 7.8 × their (a) provided this is written correctly in standard form to at least 2 s.f.	

Tier & Ques				Octagon
3-5 4-6 5-7	6-8 23		Correct response	Additional guidance
		2m	$2\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{8} \text{ or } 2.8()$! <i>Value of 3</i> For 2m, do not accept unless a correct method or a more accurate value is seen
		or 1m	Shows or implies a correct equation in y eg y ² = 8 y ² + y ² = 4 ² 2y ² = 16 y × y + y × y = 4 × 4 $\sqrt{2y} = 4$ 4 sin 45 (or 4cos 45)	

Tier & Questi				<i>x</i> , <i>y</i> , <i>a</i> and <i>b</i>		
3-5 4-6 5-7	6-8 24		Correct response	Additional guidance		
	a	1m	a – b	For part (a), unsimplified expression or unconventional notation Condone		
	b	2m or 1m	2b - a Shows a correct expression for <i>x</i> , even if it is unsimplified, uses unconventional notation or there is subsequent incorrect working eg • $2 \times b - a$ • $b - (a - b)$ • $a - 2(a - b)$ or Shows a complete correct method with not more than one error eg • $x + 2y = a$ 2x + 2y = b (error) x = b - a or Forms two correct equations that would allow elimination of <i>y</i> eg • $x + 2y = a$ 2x + 2y = 2b or Attempts to solve by substitution and forms a correct equation in <i>x</i> eg • $x + a - b = b$ • $x + 2(a - b) = a$ • $x + 2(b - x) = a$	 ★ For 2m or 1m, follow through from part (a) ✓ For 1m, second equation doubled without the first equation restated eg 2x + 2y = 2b seen 		

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Telephone: 08700 60 60 40 Minicom: 020 7509 6546 Fax: 020 7509 5908

Email: tests@naa.org.uk Website: www.naa.org.uk/tests

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